Queries on Cash Database

Group 3

Han Yang, Zehang Qiu, Zihan Liu, Yujie Tao

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Exercise 86: calculate the 3-months moving average of reservation counts

```
-- temporary view
with reservation_data as (
Select
extract (year from (interval).begints) as reservation year,
extract (month from (interval).begints) as reservation_month,
count(*) as count num
from cash.reservation
group by reservation year, reservation month)
-- analytic query
Select reservation year, reservation month, count num,
avg(count num) over (partition by reservation year
                        order by reservation_month
                        rows between 1 preceding and 1 following) as moving average
from reservation_data
```

	reservation_year numeric	reservation_month numeric	count_num bigint	moving_average numeric
1	2023	6	2	30.00000000000000000
2	2023	7	58	78.00000000000000000
3	2023	8	174	138.00000000000000000
4	2023	9	182	179.666666666666667
5	2023	10	183	181.666666666666667
6	2023	11	180	179.00000000000000000
7	2023	12	174	177.00000000000000000
8	2024	1	183	180.50000000000000000
9	2024	2	178	176.666666666666667
10	2024	3	169	176.00000000000000000
11	2024	4	181	175.33333333333333333
12	2024	5	176	180.3333333333333333
13	2024	6	184	168.66666666666667
14	2024	7	146	113.00000000000000000
15	2024	8	9	52.00000000000000000
16	2024	9	1	5.00000000000000000

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Exercise 87: calculate the cumulated sums of monthly reservation counts per year

```
-- temporary view
with reservation_data as (
Select
extract (year from (interval).begints) as reservation year,
extract (month from (interval).begints) as reservation_month,
count(*) as count num
from cash.reservation
group by reservation year, reservation month)
-- analytic query
Select reservation year, reservation month, count num,
sum(count num) over (partition by reservation year
                        order by reservation_month) as cumulated_sum
from reservation data
```

	reservation_year numeric	reservation_month numeric	count_num bigint	cumulated_sum numeric
1	2023	6	2	2
2	2023	7	58	60
3	2023	8	174	234
4	2023	9	182	416
5	2023	10	183	599
6	2023	11	180	779
7	2023	12	174	953
8	2024	1	183	183
9	2024	2	178	361
10	2024	3	169	530
11	2024	4	181	711
12	2024	5	176	887
13	2024	6	184	1071
14	2024	7	146	1217
15	2024	8	9	1226
16	2024	9	1	1227



Ranking of members by amount of reservations

```
SELECT m.id as member, count(r.id) as reservationCount, RANK() OVER (
    ORDER BY count(r.id) DESC
) rank
FROM cash.member m
JOIN cash.reservation r
ON r.member = m.id
GROUP BY m.id;
```

	member integer	reservationcount bigint	rank bigint
1	1034	528	1
2	1008	492	2
3	1021	480	3
4	1009	476	4
5	1037	468	5
6	1032	432	6
7	1023	432	6
8	1024	384	8
9	1015	384	8
10	1012	384	8
11	1018	380	11
12	1013	336	12
13	1027	336	12
14	1028	336	12
15	1011	332	15
16	1016	292	16
17	1014	288	17
18	1035	288	17
19	1031	276	19
20	1019	264	20
21	1029	236	21
22	1025	224	22



Ranking of Vehicles by sum of reserved hours

```
WITH tempTable AS
    SELECT vehicle, (r.interval).endts - (r.interval).begints as time
    FROM cash.reservation r
    SELECT vehicle, cast(extract(epoch from SUM(time)) / 3600 as int)
    as "totalReservation (in hours)",
    RANK() OVER (
            ORDER BY sum(time) DESC
                ) rank
    FROM tempTable
    GROUP BY vehicle;
```

interval cash.intervalt
("2024-07-23 16:00:00","2024-07-23 21:00:00")

□ Intervalt					
General Definition		Security SQL			
Туре		Composite			
Composite Type					
M	lember Name	Туре	Le		
	begints	timestam V			
endts		timestam V			

	vehicle integer	totalReservation (in hours) integer	rank bigint
1	1000	4078	1
2	1036	3152	2
3	1035	2888	3
4	1031	2832	4
5	1041	2748	5
6	1040	2208	6
7	1026	1992	7
8	1038	1848	8
9	1012	1728	9
10	1029	1688	10
11	1042	1632	11
12	1025	1608	12
13	1007	1584	13
14	1037	1536	14
15	1039	1496	15
16	1032	1440	16
17	1019	1440	16
18	1013	1428	18
19	1028	1296	19
20	1018	1272	20



Ranking of Vehicles by sum of reserved hours Top 10

```
WITH tempTable AS (
    SELECT vehicle, (r.interval).endts - (r.interval).begints as time
    FROM cash.reservation r
), rankedVehicles AS (
    SELECT vehicle, cast(extract(epoch from SUM(time)) / 3600 as int)
    as "totalReservation (in hours)",
    RANK() OVER (
         ORDER BY SUM(time) DESC
    ) rank
    FROM tempTable
    GROUP BY vehicle
)

SELECT vehicle, "totalReservation (in hours)",rank
FROM rankedVehicles
WHERE rank <= 10;</pre>
```

	vehicle integer	totalReservation (in hours) integer	rank bigint
1	1000	4078	1
2	1036	3152	2
3	1035	2888	3
4	1031	2832	4
5	1041	2748	5
6	1040	2208	6
7	1026	1992	7
8	1038	1848	8
9	1012	1728	9
10	1029	1688	10



Number of reservations per month per year and difference to the

month before

	year numeric	month numeric	cnt bigint	cntdiff bigint
1	2023	6	2	0
2	2023	7	58	56
3	2023	8	174	116
4	2023	9	182	8
5	2023	10	183	1
6	2023	11	180	-3
7	2023	12	174	-6
8	2024	1	183	9
9	2024	2	178	-5
10	2024	3	169	-9
11	2024	4	181	12
12	2024	5	176	-5
13	2024	6	184	8
14	2024	7	146	-38
15	2024	8	9	-137
16	2024	9	1	-8